

# EURÊKA : Gravitation

## Corrigés

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9 mars 2022

FE49

Toutes ces personnes sont soumises à la gravité terrestre. La force de gravitation a une portée infinie.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{FES0} \\ \text{a) } g &= \frac{G \cdot m}{r^2} \Rightarrow r^2 = \frac{G \cdot m}{g} \Rightarrow r = \sqrt{\frac{G \cdot m}{g}} \\ r &= \sqrt{\frac{6.67259 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 5.97 \cdot 10^{24}}{9.83}} \approx \underline{\underline{6.345.868 \text{ m}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b) } g = \frac{G \cdot m}{r^2} = \frac{6.67259 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 5.97 \cdot 10^{24}}{(6.371.000 + 8848)^2} \approx \underline{\underline{9.787 \text{ N} \cdot \text{kg}^{-1}}}$$

FES1

$$a) F = \frac{G \cdot m_1 \cdot m_2}{d^2} = \frac{6.67259 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 50 \cdot 60}{0.8^2} \approx \underline{\underline{3.13 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ N}}}$$

b)  $3.13 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ N}$

c)  $g = 9.81$ ;  $F = m \cdot g \Rightarrow m = \frac{F}{g} = \frac{3.13 \cdot 10^{-7}}{9.81} =$   
 $3.19 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ Kg} = 3.19 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ mg} = \underline{\underline{0.0319 \text{ mg}}}$

FES2

$$a) F = \frac{G \cdot m_1 \cdot m_2}{d^2} = \frac{6.67259 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 0.73 \cdot 158}{0.225^2} \approx \underline{\underline{1.52 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ N}}}$$

b)  $F_p = 0.73 \cdot 9.81 = 7,1613 \text{ N}$

$$\frac{7.1613}{1.52 \cdot 10^{-7}} \approx 4.7 \cdot 10^7 \Rightarrow \text{Elle est } 47 \text{ millions}$$
  
 de fois plus faible que  
 la force de pesanteur.

FES3

$$d = 6'371'000 + 590'000 = 6'961'000 \text{ Km} \text{ m}$$

$$m_{\text{terre}} = 5.97 \cdot 10^{24} \text{ Kg}$$

$$F = \frac{G \cdot m_1 \cdot m_2}{d^2} = \frac{6.67259 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 83.6 \cdot 5.97 \cdot 10^{24}}{6'961'000^2}$$

$$\approx \underline{\underline{687 \text{ N}}}$$

FES4

$$d = 6'371'000 + 400'000 = 6'771'000 \text{ m}$$

$$F = \frac{G \cdot m_1 \cdot m_2}{d^2} = \frac{6.67259 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 400'000 \cdot 5.97 \cdot 10^{24}}{6'771'000^2}$$

$$\approx \underline{\underline{3.48 \cdot 10^6 \text{ N}}}$$

FES5

Les trajectoires a c et e sont possibles

FES8

$$a) m_T = 5.97 \cdot 10^{24} \text{ kg}; m_S = 1'982'111 \cdot 10^{24} \text{ kg}$$

$$d = 150 \cdot 10^9 \text{ m}$$

$$F = \frac{G \cdot m_T \cdot m_S}{d^2} = \frac{6.67259 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 5.97 \cdot 10^{24} \cdot 1'982'111 \cdot 10^{24}}{(150 \cdot 10^9)^2}$$

$$\approx \underline{\underline{3.51 \cdot 10^{22} \text{ N}}}$$

$$b) 3.51 \cdot 10^{22} \text{ N}$$

$$c) d = 384'000 \text{ km} = 384 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m}$$

$$F = \frac{G \cdot m_T \cdot m_L}{d^2} \Rightarrow m_L = \frac{F \cdot d^2}{G \cdot m_T}$$

$$m_L = \frac{1.9828 \cdot 10^{20} \cdot (384 \cdot 10^6)^2}{6.67259 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 5.97 \cdot 10^{24}} = \underline{\underline{7.34 \cdot 10^{22} \text{ kg}}}$$

FE59

$$g_L = \frac{G \cdot M_L}{r_L^2}$$

$$M_L = 7.35 \cdot 10^{22} \text{ kg}$$

$$r_L = 1.738 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m}$$

$$g_L = \frac{6.67259 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 7.35 \cdot 10^{22}}{(1.738 \cdot 10^6)^2} = 1.6236$$

$$a) F = m \cdot g_L = 21 \cdot 1.6236 \approx \underline{\underline{34 \text{ N}}}$$

$$b) 21 \text{ kg}$$

$$c) F = m \cdot g_T = 21 \cdot 9.81 \approx \underline{\underline{206 \text{ N}}}$$

FE61

a) la courbe d

b) la courbe a

FE63

Puisque que le rayon de Saturne vaut 9.41 fois celui de la terre. Comme  $g$  est inversement proportionnel à  $r^2$  ( $9.41^2 \approx 88.5$ ), la gravité de Saturne est semblable à celle de la terre.

FE64

$$g_L = 1.63 \text{ N} \cdot \text{Kg}^{-1} ; F = m \cdot g \Rightarrow m_{pp} = \frac{F}{g_L} = \frac{86.2}{1.63} = 52,88 \text{ Kg}$$

$$g_{B612} = \frac{G \cdot M_{B612}}{r_{B612}^2} = \frac{6.67259 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 12000}{(26000 : 2)^2} = 4.738 \cdot 10^{-15} \text{ N} \cdot \text{Kg}^{-1}$$

$$F = m_{pp} \cdot g_{B612} = 52.88 \cdot 4.738 \cdot 10^{-15} \approx \underline{\underline{2.5 \cdot 10^{-13} \text{ N}}}$$

FE65

$$g_M = 3.72 \text{ N} \cdot \text{Kg}^{-1}$$

$$F_T = m \cdot g_T = 256 \cdot 9.81 = 2511.4 \text{ N}$$

$$F_T = F_M \Rightarrow m_M = \frac{F_M}{g_M} = \frac{2511.4}{3.72} \approx \underline{\underline{675 \text{ Kg}}}$$

FE66

$$1 \text{ U.A.} = \text{distance Terre - Soleil} = 150 \cdot 10^9 \text{ m}$$

$$\Rightarrow d = 0.05 \cdot 150 \cdot 10^9 = 7.5 \cdot 10^9 \text{ m}$$

$$m_{\text{Pegasi}} = 1.1 \cdot 1.982 \cdot 10^{30} = 2.1803221 \cdot 10^{30} \text{ Kg}$$

$$F = 2.1 \cdot 10^{27} \text{ N}$$

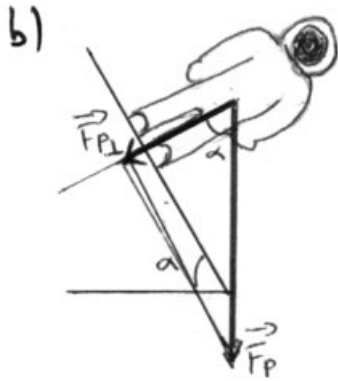
$$F = \frac{G \cdot m_{\text{Pegasi}} \cdot m_{\text{Pegasi b}}}{d^2} \Rightarrow m_{\text{Pegasi b}} = \frac{F \cdot d^2}{G \cdot m_{\text{Pegasi}}}$$

$$= \frac{2.1 \cdot 10^{27} \cdot (7.5 \cdot 10^9)^2}{6.67259 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 2.1803221 \cdot 10^{30}} = \underline{\underline{8.1 \cdot 10^{26} \text{ Kg}}}$$

FE67

a) 1.  $F_p = m \cdot g = (72+75) \cdot 1.63 = \underline{\underline{239.6 \text{ N}}}$

2.  $m = \frac{F_p}{g} = \frac{239.6}{9.81} = \underline{\underline{24.4 \text{ kg}}}$



$$\cos(\alpha) = \frac{F_{p\perp}}{F_p} = \frac{1.63}{9.81} \Rightarrow \alpha = \underline{\underline{80.4^\circ}}$$